



SUPPLEMENT
TO THE
NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

OF
THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1884.

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, FRIDAY, AUGUST 8, 1884.

Extending Time for holding Elections, Motueka Road District, County of Waimea.

WM. F. DRUMMOND JERVOIS,
Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this fifth day of August, 1884.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Board of the Motueka Road District failed to hold an election of members of the said Board during the first week in May, as required by "The Road Boards Act 1882 Amendment Act, 1883," and it is expedient to extend the time for holding such elections:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, and in exercise and pursuance of the powers and authorities vested in him by "The Road Boards Act, 1882," doth hereby order and declare that the time for holding the election of members of the said Motueka Road Board under the first-mentioned Act is hereby extended, and that such election may take place during the month of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

FORSTER GORING,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Road Board Elections.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 8th August, 1884.

THE following notices of Road Board elections are published in accordance with "The Road Boards Act, 1882."

G. S. COOPER,
Under-Secretary.

Kirikiroa Road District, County of Waikato:
Charles Henry Smith.

Alfredton Road District, County of Wairarapa East:
Thomas Baylis.
James Jones.
William Macdonald Kebbell.
Dugald Campbell Macquarie.
Alexander Napier.
William Joseph Saunders.

By Authority: GEORGE DIDSURRY, Govt. Printer, Wellington

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for the integrity of the financial system and for the ability to detect and prevent fraud. The text notes that without reliable records, it would be difficult to track the flow of funds and identify any irregularities.

2. The second part of the document outlines the specific procedures for recording transactions. It details the steps involved in entering data into the system, from initial verification to final posting. The text stresses the need for consistency and attention to detail throughout the process to ensure the accuracy of the records.

3. The third part of the document addresses the role of internal controls in the record-keeping process. It explains how these controls are designed to minimize the risk of errors and fraud by separating duties and requiring approvals. The text highlights that strong internal controls are a key component of a robust financial reporting system.

4. The fourth part of the document discusses the importance of regular audits and reconciliations. It describes how these activities help to verify the accuracy of the records and identify any discrepancies. The text notes that audits are a critical part of the oversight process and are necessary to maintain public confidence in the financial system.

5. The fifth part of the document provides a summary of the key points discussed. It reiterates the importance of accurate record-keeping, the need for strong internal controls, and the role of audits in ensuring the reliability of financial information. The text concludes by emphasizing that these practices are fundamental to the success of any organization's financial management.

6. The final part of the document contains a list of references and a glossary of terms. The references include various accounting standards and regulatory requirements that govern the record-keeping process. The glossary provides definitions for key terms used throughout the document to ensure clarity and consistency.